

Consider including the following questions when speaking to your healthcare provider about SPRAVATO[®]:

The following topics may be helpful to include when speaking with your healthcare provider about SPRAVATO[®]. It's important to remember that your treatment journey is unique and the information needed along the way may vary from person to person.

- 1 I've tried two or more oral antidepressants and I am still experiencing depression. Do you think I have treatment-resistant depression?
- 2 Since my other oral antidepressants haven't worked, what are the chances another oral antidepressant will work? Should I try something entirely different?
- 3 Can we talk about the SPRAVATO[®] clinical trials and discuss whether it may be a good choice for me?
- 4 What can you tell me about the safety of SPRAVATO[®]?
- 5 What is a SPRAVATO[®] treatment center and how do I find one?
- 6 Can you help me get financial support for SPRAVATO[®]?

What is SPRAVATO[®] (esketamine) CIII nasal spray?

SPRAVATO[®] is a prescription medicine, used along with an antidepressant taken by mouth to treat:

- Adults with treatment-resistant depression (TRD)

SPRAVATO[®] is not for use as a medicine to prevent or relieve pain (anesthetic). It is not known if SPRAVATO[®] is safe or effective as an anesthetic medicine.

It is not known if SPRAVATO[®] is safe and effective for use in preventing suicide or in reducing suicidal thoughts or actions. SPRAVATO[®] is not for use in place of hospitalization if your healthcare provider determines that hospitalization is needed, even if improvement is experienced after the first dose of SPRAVATO[®].

It is not known if SPRAVATO[®] is safe and effective in children.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is the most important information I should know about SPRAVATO[®]?

SPRAVATO[®] can cause serious side effects, including:

- **Sedation and dissociation.** SPRAVATO[®] may cause sleepiness (sedation), fainting, dizziness, spinning sensation, anxiety, or feeling disconnected from yourself, your thoughts, feelings, space and time (dissociation).
 - Tell your healthcare provider right away if you feel like you cannot stay awake or if you feel like you are going to pass out.
 - Your healthcare provider must monitor you for serious side effects for at least 2 hours after taking SPRAVATO[®]. Your healthcare provider will decide when you are ready to leave the healthcare setting.
- **Abuse and misuse.** There is a risk for abuse and physical and psychological dependence with SPRAVATO[®] treatment. Your healthcare provider should check you for signs of abuse and dependence before and during treatment with SPRAVATO[®].
 - Tell your healthcare provider if you have ever abused or been dependent on alcohol, prescription medicines, or street drugs.
 - Your healthcare provider can tell you more about the differences between physical and psychological dependence and drug addiction.

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Please see additional **Important Safety Information** in this guide. Please see full **Prescribing Information**, including **Boxed WARNINGS**, and **Medication Guide** for SPRAVATO[®] and discuss any questions you may have with your healthcare provider.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

- **SPRAVATO[®] Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS).** Because of the risks for sedation, dissociation, and abuse and misuse, SPRAVATO[®] is only available through a restricted program called the SPRAVATO[®] Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS) Program. SPRAVATO[®] can only be administered at healthcare settings certified in the SPRAVATO[®] REMS Program. Patients treated in outpatient healthcare settings (e.g., medical offices and clinics) must be enrolled in the program.
- **Increased risk of suicidal thoughts and actions.** Antidepressant medicines may increase suicidal thoughts and actions in some people 24 years of age and younger, **especially within the first few months of treatment or when the dose is changed.**
SPRAVATO[®] is not for use in children
 - Depression and other serious mental illnesses are the most important causes of suicidal thoughts and actions. Some people may have a higher risk of having suicidal thoughts or actions. These include people who have (or have a family history of) depression or a history of suicidal thoughts or actions.
- **How can I watch for and try to prevent suicidal thoughts and actions in myself or a family member?**
 - Pay close attention to any changes, especially sudden changes, in mood, behavior, thoughts, or feelings, or if you develop suicidal thoughts or actions.
 - Tell your healthcare provider right away if you have any new or sudden changes in mood, behavior, thoughts, or feelings.
 - Keep all follow-up visits with your healthcare provider as scheduled. Call your healthcare provider between visits as needed, especially if you have concerns about symptoms.
- **Tell your healthcare provider right away if you or your family member have any of the following symptoms, especially if they are new, worse, or worry you:**
 - suicide attempts
 - thoughts about suicide or dying
 - worsening depression
 - other unusual changes in behavior or mood

Do not take SPRAVATO[®] if you:

- have blood vessel (aneurysmal vascular) disease (including in the brain, chest, abdominal aorta, arms and legs)
- have an abnormal connection between your veins and arteries (arteriovenous malformation)
- have a history of bleeding in the brain
- are allergic to esketamine, ketamine, or any of the other ingredients in SPRAVATO[®].

If you are not sure if you have any of the above conditions, talk to your healthcare provider before taking SPRAVATO[®].

Before you take SPRAVATO[®], tell your healthcare provider about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have heart or brain problems, including:
 - high blood pressure (hypertension)
 - slow or fast heartbeats that cause shortness of breath, chest pain, lightheadedness, or fainting
 - history of heart attack
 - history of stroke
 - heart valve disease or heart failure
 - history of brain injury or any condition where there is increased pressure in the brain
- have liver problems
- have ever had a condition called “psychosis” (see, feel, or hear things that are not there, or believe in things that are not true).
- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. SPRAVATO[®] may harm your baby. You should not take SPRAVATO[®] if you are pregnant.
 - Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant during treatment with SPRAVATO[®].
 - If you are able to become pregnant, talk to your healthcare provider about methods to prevent pregnancy during treatment with SPRAVATO[®].
 - There is a pregnancy registry for women who are exposed to SPRAVATO[®] during pregnancy. The purpose of the registry is to collect information about the health of women exposed to SPRAVATO[®] and their baby. If you become pregnant during treatment with SPRAVATO[®], talk to your healthcare provider about registering with the National Pregnancy Registry for Antidepressants at 1-844-405-6185 or online at <https://womensmentalhealth.org/clinical-and-research-programs/pregnancyregistry/antidepressants/>.
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. You should not breastfeed during treatment with SPRAVATO[®].

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines that you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements. Taking SPRAVATO[®] with certain medicine may cause side effects.

Especially tell your healthcare provider if you take central nervous system (CNS) depressants, psychostimulants, or monoamine oxidase inhibitors (MAOIs) medicines. Keep a list of them to show to your healthcare provider and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.

How will I take SPRAVATO[®]?

- You will take SPRAVATO[®] nasal spray yourself, under the supervision of a healthcare provider in a healthcare setting. Your healthcare provider will show you how to use the SPRAVATO[®] nasal spray device.
- Your healthcare provider will tell you how much SPRAVATO[®] you will take and when you will take it.
- Follow your SPRAVATO[®] treatment schedule exactly as your healthcare provider tells you to.
- During and after each use of the SPRAVATO[®] nasal spray device, you will be checked by a healthcare provider who will decide when you are ready to leave the healthcare setting.
- You will need to plan for a caregiver or family member to drive you home after taking SPRAVATO[®].
- If you miss a SPRAVATO[®] treatment, your healthcare provider may change your dose and treatment schedule.
- Some people taking SPRAVATO[®] get nausea and vomiting. You should not eat for at least 2 hours before taking SPRAVATO[®] and not drink liquids at least 30 minutes before taking SPRAVATO[®].
- If you take a nasal corticosteroid or nasal decongestant medicine take these medicines at least 1 hour before taking SPRAVATO[®].

What should I avoid while taking SPRAVATO[®]?

Do not drive, operate machinery, or do anything where you need to be completely alert after taking SPRAVATO[®]. **Do not** take part in these activities until the next day following a restful sleep. See **“What is the most important information I should know about SPRAVATO[®]?”**

What are the possible side effects of SPRAVATO[®]?

SPRAVATO[®] may cause serious side effects including:

- See **“What is the most important information I should know about SPRAVATO[®]?”**
- **Increased blood pressure.** SPRAVATO[®] can cause a temporary increase in your blood pressure that may last for about 4 hours after taking a dose. Your healthcare provider will check your blood pressure before taking SPRAVATO[®] and for at least 2 hours after you take SPRAVATO[®]. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you get chest pain, shortness of breath, sudden severe headache, change in vision, or seizures after taking SPRAVATO[®].
- **Problems with thinking clearly.** Tell your healthcare provider if you have problems thinking or remembering.
- **Bladder problems.** Tell your healthcare provider if you develop trouble urinating, such as a frequent or urgent need to urinate, pain when urinating, or urinating frequently at night.

The most common side effects of SPRAVATO[®] when used along with an antidepressant taken by mouth include:

- feeling disconnected from yourself, your thoughts, feelings and things around you
- decreased feeling of sensitivity (numbness)
- dizziness
- feeling anxious
- nausea
- lack of energy
- feeling sleepy
- increased blood pressure
- spinning sensation
- vomiting
- feeling drunk
- feeling very happy or excited

If these common side effects occur, they usually happen right after taking SPRAVATO[®] and go away the same day.

These are not all the possible side effects of SPRAVATO[®].

Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088.

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